

TEST REPORT

| Report No.: | BCTC2111781408-6E |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Applicant: | ROCKPI TRADING LIMITED |
| Product Name: | Radxa CM3 |
| Model/Type Ref.: | RM116-D8E32W |
| Tested Date: | 2021-11-03 to 2021-11-15 |
| Issued Date: | 2021-11-23 |
| She | nzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd. |
| No. : BCTC/RF-EMC-005 | Page 1 of 55 Edition A.4 |



| Product Name: | Radxa CM3 |
|-----------------------|---|
| Trademark: | N/A |
| Model/Type Ref.: | RM116-D8E32W RM116-D1E0W, RM116-D2E8W, RM116-D4E16W, RM116-D8E16W |
| Prepared For: | ROCKPI TRADING LIMITED |
| Address: | Room 11, 27 / f, Ga wah international centre, 191 Javaroad, north point, Hong Kong |
| Manufacturer: | ROCKPI TRADING LIMITED |
| Address: | Room 11, 27 / f, Ga wah international centre, 191 Javaroad, north point, Hong Kong |
| Prepared By: | Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd. |
| Address: | 1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Tangwei, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China |
| Sample Received Date: | 2021-11-03 |
| Sample tested Date: | 2021-11-03 to 2021-11-15 |
| Issue Date: | 2021-11-23 |
| Report No.: | BCTC2111781408-6E |
| Test Standards: | ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1 (2017-05) |
| Test Results: | PASS |
| Remark: | This is WIFI-5.1GHz band radio test report. |

Tested by:

ei Chen

Lei Chen/Project Handler

Approved by: X Zero Zhou/Reviewer

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(Note: N/A Means Not Applicable)

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1. Version

| Report No. | Issue Date | Description | Approved |
|-------------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| BCTC2111781408-6E | 2021-11-23 | Original | Valid |
| | | | |

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2. Test Summary

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

| No. | Test Parameter | Clause No | Results |
|-----|--|--------------|---------|
| 1 | Nominal Centre frequencies | 4.2.1 | PASS |
| 2 | Nominal Channel Bandwidth and Occupied Channel Bandwidth | 4.2.2 | PASS |
| 3 | RF output power, Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Power Density | 4.2.3 | PASS |
| 4 | Transmitter unwanted emissions | 4.2.4 | PASS |
| 5 | Receiver spurious emissions | 4.2.5 | PASS |
| 6 | Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) | 4.2.6 | N/A |
| 7 | Adaptivity (Channel Access Mechanism) | 4.2.7 | N/A |
| 8 | Receiver Blocking | 4.2.8 | PASS |
| 9 | User Access Restrictions | 4.2.9 | PASS |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |

Note: N/A is an abbreviation for Not Applicable and means this test item is not applicable for this device according to the technology characteristic of device.

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3. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

| RF frequency | 1 x 10 ⁻⁷ |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| RF power, conducted | ± 1.0 dB |
| Conducted emission of receivers | ± 1 dB |
| Radiated emission of transmitter | ± 6 dB |
| Radiated emission of receiver | ± 6 dB |
| Temperature | ±1 degree |
| Humidity | ±5% |

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4. Product Information And Test Setup

4.1 Product Information

| Model/Type Ref.: | RM116-D8E32W RM116-D1E0W, RM116-D2E8W, RM116-D4E16W, RM116-D8E16W |
|-----------------------|---|
| Model differences: | All the model are the same circuit and RF module, except model names and color. |
| Hardware Version: | N/A |
| Software Version: | N/A |
| | |
| Operation Frequency: | WiFi(5.1G) :5180-5240MHz, |
| Max. RF output power: | WiFi (5.1G): 6.73 dBm |
| Type of Modulation: | WiFi (5.1G): DSSS, OFDM |
| Antenna installation: | External antenna |
| Antenna Gain: | 2dBi |
| Ratings: | DC 5V from USB |
| | |

Cable of Product

| No. | Cable Type | Quantity | Provider | Length (m) | Shielded | Note |
|-----|---------------|----------|-----------|---------------|----------|--|
| 1 | | | Applicant | | Yes/No | With a ferrite ring in mid Detachable |
| 2 | | | BCTC | | Yes/No | |

4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

4.3 Support Equipment

| No. | Device Type | Brand | Model | Series No. | Note |
|-----|-------------|-------|-------|--|------|
| 1. | | | | in and a second se | |
| 2. | | | | an a | |

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.

2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



4.4 Channel List

| СН | Frequency (MHz) | СН | Frequency (MHz) | СН | Frequency (MHz) | СН | Frequency (MHz) |
|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|
| 36 | 5180 | 38 | 5190 | 40 | 5200 | 42 | 5210 |
| 44 | 5220 | 46 | 5230 | 48 | 5240 | | |

4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

| Test mode | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| Transmitting(802.11a HT20) | 5180MHz | 5200 MHz | 5240 MHz |
| Transmitting(802.11n HT20) | 5180MHz | 5200 MHz | 5240 MHz |
| Transmitting(802.11n HT40) | 5190Mhz | / | 5230 MHz |
| Transmitting(802.11ac HT20) | 5190Mhz | 5590MHz | 5230 MHz |
| Transmitting(802.11ac HT40) | 5190Mhz | / | 5230 MHz |
| Transmitting(802.11ac HT80) | / | 5200 MHz | / |
| Receiving(802.11a HT20) | 5180MHz | 5200 MHz | 5240 MHz |
| Receiving(802.11n HT20) | 5180MHz | 5200 MHz | 5240 MHz |
| Receiving(802.11n HT40) | 5190Mhz | / | 5230 MHz |
| Receiving(802.11ac HT20) | 5190Mhz | 5590MHz | 5230 MHz |
| Receiving(802.11ac HT40) | 5190Mhz | / | 5230 MHz |
| Receiving(802.11ac HT80) | / | 5210 MHz | / |

4.6 Test Environment

| 4.6 Test Environment | |
|----------------------------|---|
| 1. Normal Test Conditions: | $\sim \sim $ |
| Humidity(%): | 54 |
| Atmospheric Pressure(kPa): | 101 |
| Temperature(℃): | 26 |
| Test Voltage(DC): | 5V |

2.Extreme Test Conditions:

For tests at extreme temperatures, measurements shall be made over the extremes of the operating C. Star ala ^{Sala}ng Sala Salang Salang Salang temperature range as declared by the manufacturer.

| Test Conditions | LT | HT |
|------------------|----|----|
| Temperature (°C) | 0 | 35 |
| | | |



5. Test Facility And Test Instrument Used

5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd. Address: 1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Tangwei, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

5.2 Test Instrument Used

| Item | Equipment | Manufacturer | Type No. | Serial No. | Last calibration | Calibrated until |
|------|---|--------------|------------------------------|------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 966 chamber | ChengYu | 966 Room | 966 | Jun. 06. 2020 | Jun. 05, 2023 |
| 2 | Receiver | R&S | ESR3 | 102075 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 3 | Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent | E4407B | MY45109572 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 4 | Amplifier | SKET | LAPA_01G18 G-45dB | ١ | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 5 | Amplifier | Schwarzbeck | BBV9744 | 9744-0037 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 6 | TRILOG Broadband Antenna | Schwarzbeck | VULB 9163 | 942 | Jun. 01, 2021 | May 31, 2022 |
| 7 | Horn Antenna | Schwarzbeck | BBHA9120D | 1541 | Jun. 02, 2021 | Jun. 01, 2022 |
| 8 | band rejection filter | ZBSF | ZBSF-C2441. 5 | 1706003606 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 9 | Signal Generator | Keysight | N5181A | MY50143748 | Jun. 29, 2021 | Jun. 28, 2022 |
| 10 | Communication test set | R&S | CMU200 | 119435 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 11 | Spectrum Analyzer | Keysight | N9020A | MY49100060 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 12 | Signal Generator | Keysight | N5182B | MY56200519 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 13 | Power Meter | Keysight | E4419 | ١ | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 14 | Power Sensor | Keysight | E9300A | ١ | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 15 | Horn antenna | Schwarzbeck | BBHA9170 | 00822 | Jun. 15, 2021 | Jun. 14, 2022 |
| 16 | Preamplifier | MITEQ | TTA1840-35- HG | 2034381 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 17 | Software | Frad | EZ-EMC | FA-03A2 RE | and the second s | |
| 18 | Software | Keysight | Keysight.ETS LTest system | 1.02.05 | | |
| 19 | D.C. Power Supply | LongWei | TPR-6405D | <i></i> | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| 20 | Loop Antenna | Schwarzbeck | FMZB1519B | 00014 | Jun. 02, 2021 | Jun. 01, 2022 |
| 21 | Communication test set | Agilent | N4010A | MY49081107 | May 28, 2021 | May 27, 2022 |
| 22 | Programmable constant temperature and humidity test chamber | DGBELL | BTKS5-150C | | Jul. 06, 2021 | Jul. 05, 2022 |

No.: BCTC/RF-EMC-005



6. Information As Required

ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1 Annex G a) The Nominal Channel Bandwidth(s): Refer to section 4.4 channel list. b) For Load Based Equipment that supports multi-channel operation: N/A c) The different transmit operating modes (see clause 5.3.3.2) (tick all that apply): Operating mode 1: Single Antenna Equipment a) Equipment with only 1 antenna d) In case of Smart Antenna Systems or multiple antenna systems: • The number of Receive chains: The number of Transmit chains: • Equal power distribution among the transmit chains: Yes No • In case of beamforming, the maximum (additional) beamforming gain: dB NOTE: Beamforming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna (assembly). e) TPC feature available: □Yes ⊠No f) For equipment with TPC range: The lowest and highest power level (or lowest and highest e.i.r.p. level in case of integrated antenna equipment), intended antenna assemblies and corresponding operating frequency range for the TPC range (or for each of the TPC ranges if more than one is implemented). g) For equipment without a TPC range: Power Setting 1: Max. h) The DFS related operating mode(s) of the equipment: N/A i) User access restrictions (please check box below to confirm): N/A j) For equipment with Off-Channel CAC functionality: N/A k) The equipment can operate in ad-hoc mode: N/A I) Operating Frequency Range(s): Refer to section 4.1. m) The extreme operating temperature and supply voltage range that apply to the equipment: Refer to section 4.6 n) The test sequence/test software used (see also ETSI EN 301 893 (V2.1.1), clause 5.3.1.2): Provide by manufacturer. o) Type of Equipment: Stand-alone Combined Equipment (Equipment where the radio part is fully integrated within another type of equipment) Plug-in radio device (Equipment intended for a variety of host systems)]Other p) Adaptivity (Channel Access Mechanism): Frame Based Equipment Load Based Equipment q) With regards to Adaptivity for Frame Based Equipment The Frame Based Equipment operates as an Initiating Device The Frame Based Equipment operates as an Responding Device The Frame Based Equipment can operate as an Initiating Device and as a Responding Device r) With regards to Adaptivity for Load Based Equipment N/A s) The equipment supports a geo-location capability as defined in clause 4.2.10 of ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1:



□Yes ⊠No

t) The minimum performance criteria (see ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1, clause 4.2.8.3) that corresponds to the intended use of the equipment:

The minimum performance criterion is a PER of less than or equal to 10 %.

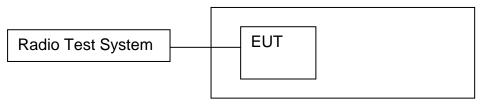
u) The theoretical maximum radio performance of the equipment (e.g. maximum throughput) (see ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1, clause 5.4.9.3.1):

N/A



7. Nominal Centre Frequencies

7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



7.2 Limit

The Nominal Centre Frequencies (fc) for a Nominal Channel Bandwidth of 20 MHz are defined by equation (1). See also figure 3.

fc = 5 160 + (g × 20) MHz, where $0 \le g \le 9$ or $16 \le g \le 27$ and where g shall be an integer.

A maximum offset of the Nominal Centre Frequency of ± 200 kHz is permitted. Where the manufacturer decides to make use of this frequency offset, the manufacturer shall declare the actual centre frequencies used by the equipment.

See clause 5.4.1, item a).

The actual centre frequency for any given channel shall be maintained within the range fc \pm 20 ppm. Equipment may have simultaneous transmissions on more than one Operating Channel with a Nominal Channel Bandwidth of 20 MHz.

7.3 Test Procedure

This method is an alternative to the above method in case the UUT cannot be operated in an un-modulated mode.

The UUT shall be connected to spectrum analyzer.

Max Hold shall be selected and the centre frequency adjusted to that of the UUT.

The peak value of the power envelope shall be measured and noted. The span shall be reduced and the marker moved in a positive frequency increment until the upper, (relative to the centre frequency), -10 dBc point is reached. This value shall be noted as f1.

The marker shall then be moved in a negative frequency increment until the lower, (relative to the centre frequency), -10 dBc point is reached. This value shall be noted as f2.

The centre frequency is calculated as (f1 + f2) / 2.

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7.4 Test Result

| | Test conditions | | Frequency Measured (MHz) | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Modulation | | | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | | |
| | | | 5180.0000 | 5200.0000 | 5240.0000 | | |
| | Normal | | 5180.0560 | 5200.0636 | 5240.0642 | | |
| | Extreme | LTLV | 5180.0433 | 5200.0531 | 5240.0632 | | |
| Unmodulation | | LTHV | 5180.0053 | 5200.0325 | 5240.0625 | | |
| | | HTLV | 5179.9869 | 5200.4756 | 5240.0581 | | |
| | | HTHV | 5179.9453 | 5200.5812 | 5240.0595 | | |
| Max.Error(ppm) | | 10.81 | 12.23 | 12.25 | | | |
| Limit (ppm) | | ±20 | ±20 | ±20 | | | |

| | Test conditions | | Frequency Measured (MHz) | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| Modulation | | | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | |
| | | | 5190.0000 | / | 5230.0000 | |
| | Normal | | 5190.0620 | / | 5230.0612 | |
| | Extreme | LTLV | 5190.0613 | / | 5230.0587 | |
| Unmodulation | | LTHV | 5190.0325 | / | 5230.0552 | |
| | | HTLV | 5190.0022 | / | 5230.0369 | |
| | | HTHV | 5189.9920 | / | 5230.0425 | |
| Max.Error(ppm) | | 11.95 | / | 11.70 | | |
| Limit (ppm) | | | ±20 | / | ±20 | |

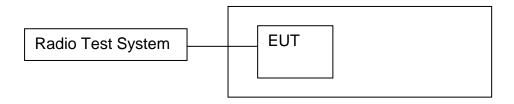
| | Test conditions | | Frequency Measured (MHz) | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Modulation | | | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | | |
| | | | / | 5210.0000 | / | | |
| | Normal | | / | 5210.0627 | / | | |
| | Extreme | LTLV | / | 5210.0529 | / | | |
| Unmodulation | | LTHV | / | 5210.0295 | / | | |
| | | HTLV | / | 5210.0012 | / | | |
| | | HTHV | / | 5209.9561 | / | | |
| Max.Error(ppm) | | | / | 12.03 | / | | |
| Limit (ppm) | | / | ±20 | / | | | |

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8. Nominal Channel Bandwidth And Occupied Channel Bandwidth

8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



8.2 Limit

The Nominal Channel Bandwidth for a single Operating Channel shall be 20 MHz. Alternatively, equipment may implement a lower Nominal Channel Bandwidth with a minimum of 5 MHz, providing they still comply with the Nominal Centre Frequencies defined in clause 4.2.1 (20 MHz raster). The Occupied Channel Bandwidth shall be between 80 % and 100 % of the Nominal Channel Bandwidth. In case of smart antenna systems (devices with multiple transmit chains) each of the transmit chains shall meet this requirement.

The Occupied Channel Bandwidth might change with time/payload.

8.3 Test Procedure

Step 1:

- Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyzer and use the following settings:
- Centre Frequency: The centre frequency of the channel under test
- Resolution Bandwidth: 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth: 300 kHz
- Frequency Span: 2 × Nominal Bandwidth (e.g. 40 MHz for a 20 MHz channel)
- Sweep time: > 1 s; for larger Nominal Bandwidths, the sweep time may be increased until a value where the sweep time has no impact on the RMS value of the signal
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Trace Mode: Max Hold

Step 2:

• Wait for the trace to stabilize.

Step 3:

• Make sure that the power envelope is sufficiently above the noise floor of the analyzer to avoid the noise signals left and right from the power envelope being taken into account by this measurement.

• Use the 99 % bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer to measure the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the UUT. This value shall be recorded.

The measurement described in step 1 to step 3 above shall be repeated in case of simultaneous transmissions in non-adjacent channels.

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8.4 Test Result

| | Test | OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH (MHz) | | | | |
|---------------|------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Modulation | conditions | Low Channel | Middle Channel | High Channel | | |
| 802.11a HT20 | Normal | 16.415 | 16.406 | 16.410 | | |
| 802.11n HT20 | Normal | 17.627 | 17.623 | 17.621 | | |
| 802.11n HT40 | Normal | 36.180 | / | 36.130 | | |
| 802.11ac HT20 | Normal | 17.627 | 17.627 | 17.619 | | |
| 802.11ac HT40 | Normal | 36.174 | / | 36.127 | | |
| 802.11ac HT80 | Normal | / | 75.509 | / | | |



Test Plots 802.11a HT20 Low Channel

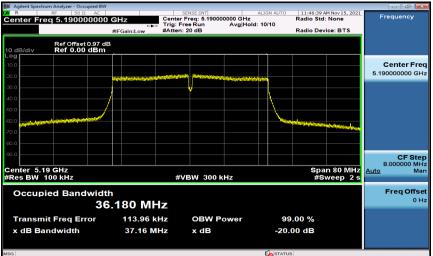
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802.11n HT20 Low Channel

802.11n HT40 Low Channel

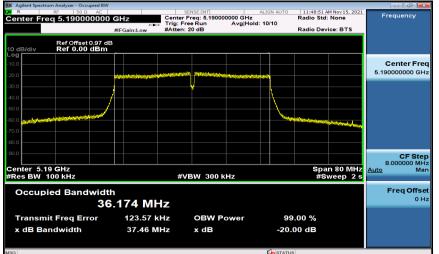






802.11ac HT20 Low Channel

802.11ac HT40 Low Channel



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| Agilent Spectro | um Analyzer - Occu | nied BW | | | | 0 2011 | - | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---------|--|---------|--|--|----|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| LXU R | RF 50 Ω eq 5.21000 | AC | GHz #IFGain:Low | Trig: F | SENSE:INT r Freq: 5.210 Free Run h: 20 dB | 0000000 GHz Avg Hol | | | Radio Dev | | Frequency |
| 10 dB/div Log | Ref Offset (Ref 0.00 (| | | | | | | | | | |
| -10.0 | | | | | | | | | | | Center Freq 5.210000000 GHz |
| -30.0 | | ĺ | histofic <mark>han interdesiste</mark> n | | aliting printeriorenaised | Maria de La constante de | | | | | |
| -50.0 | | _/ | | | | | | $\left \right $ | | | |
| | an ang salah sa | | | | | | | ~~ | | | |
| -90.0 | | | | | | | | | | | CF Step 16.000000 MHz |
| Center 5.2 #Res BW | | | | # | VBW 300 |) kHz | | | Spar #S | n 160 MHz ≌weep 2 s | <u>Auto</u> Man |
| Occupied Bandwidth 75.509 MHz | | | | | | Freq Offset 0 Hz | | | | | |
| | it Freq Erro Indwidth | or | 168.13 77.12 | | OBW x dB | Power | | | 0.00 % 00 dB | | |
| MSG | | | | | | | ų. | STATUS | 3 | | |

802.11ac HT80 Low Channel

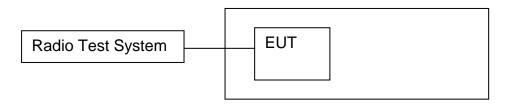
No. : BCTC/RF-EMC-005

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9. RF Output Power, Transmit Power Control (TPC)

9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



9.2 Limit

| Frequency range | | Mean e.i.r.p. l (dBr | | Mean e.i.r.p. density limit (dBm/MHz) | | |
|--|----|--|--------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| (MHz) | 1 | with TPC without TPC | | with TPC | without TPC | |
| 5 150 to 5 3 | 50 | 23 | 20/23 (see note 1) | 10 | 7/10 (see note 2) | |
| 5 470 to 5 72 | 25 | 30 (see note 3) | 27 (see note 3) | 17 (see note 3) | 14 (see note 3) | |
| COL | | blicable limit is 20 dBm, tely within the band 5 1 | | | | |
| NOTE 2: The applicable limit is 7 dBm/MHz, except for transmissions whose nominal bandwidth falls completely within the band 5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz, in which case the applicable limit is 10 dBm/MHz. | | | | | | |
| | | evices without a <i>Radar</i> cy range 5 250 MHz to | | n function shall comply | with the limits for the | |

9.3 Test Procedure

This option is for equipment that operates only in one sub-band or that is capable for operation in two sub-bands simultaneously but, for the purpose of the testing, the equipment can be configured to:

- operate in a continuous transmit mode or with a constant duty cycle (x), and
- operate only in one sub-band.

Step 1:

For equipment configured into a continuous transmit mode (x = 1), proceed immediately with step 2.

• The output power of the transmitter shall be coupled to a matched diode detector or equivalent thereof. The output of the diode detector shall be connected to the vertical channel of an oscilloscope.

• The combination of the diode detector and the oscilloscope shall be capable of faithfully reproducing the duty cycle of the transmitter output signal.

• The observed duty cycle of the transmitter (Tx on / (Tx on + Tx off)) shall be noted as x ($0 < x \le 1$), and recorded in the test report.



Step 2:

• The RF output power shall be determined using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or an equivalent thereof and with an integration period that exceeds the repetition period of the transmitter by a factor 5 or more. The observed value shall be noted as A (in dBm).

• In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems operating in a mode with multiple transmit chains active simultaneously, the output power of each transmit chain shall be measured separately to calculate the total power (value A in dBm) for the UUT.

Step 3:

• The RF output power at the highest power level PH (e.i.r.p.) shall be calculated from the above measured power output A (in dBm), the observed duty cycle x, the stated antenna gain G in dBi and if applicable the beamforming gain Y in dB, according to the formula below. This value shall be recorded in the test report.

If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting or TPC range, the gain of the antenna assembly with the highest gain shall be used.

 $PH = A + G + Y + 10 \times \log (1 / x) (dBm).$ (5)

• This value PH shall be compared to the applicable limit contained in table 2 of clause 4.2.3.2.2.

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9.4 Test Result

Remark: PH = A + G + Y + 10 × log (1 / x) (dBm) G=Antenna Gain =2dBi, beamforming gain Y= 0 dB, duty cycle X=100%

| | | e.i.r.p. (dBm) | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Modulation | Test conditions | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | | | |
| | | EIRP | EIRP | EIRP | | | |
| | Normal | 6.48 | 6.73 | 6.63 | | | |
| 802.11a HT20 | LT | 5.98 | 6.15 | 6.25 | | | |
| | НТ | 5.24 | 5.77 | 5.83 | | | |
| | Limit | ≤23dBm | | | | | |

| | | e.i.r.p. (dBm) | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Modulation | Test conditions | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | | | |
| | | EIRP | EIRP | EIRP | | | |
| | Normal | 5.76 | 5.96 | 6.21 | | | |
| 802.11n HT20 | LT | 5.14 | 5.27 | 5.94 | | | |
| | HT | 4.82 | 4.93 | 5.27 | | | |
| | Limit | ≤23dBm | | | | | |

| | | e.i.r.p. (dBm) | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--------------|--|--|--|
| Modulation | Test conditions | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | | | |
| | | EIRP | EIRP | EIRP | | | |
| | Normal | 4.90 | / | 5.52 | | | |
| 802.11n HT40 | LT | 4.11 | | 5.08 | | | |
| | HT | 3.86 | 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1 | 4.52 | | | |
| | Limit | | ≤23dBm | | | | |

| | | e.i.r.p. (dBm) | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| Modulation | Test conditions | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | |
| | | EIRP | EIRP | EIRP | |
| | Normal | 5.96 | 6.26 | 6.00 | |
| 802.11ac HT20 | LT | 5.71 | 5.79 | 5.25 | |
| | HT | 5.33 | 5.36 | 4.88 | |
| Limit | | | ≤23dBm | | |



| | | e.i.r.p. (dBm) | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Modulation | Test conditions | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | | |
| | | EIRP | EIRP | EIRP | | |
| | Normal | 5.05 | / | 5.78 | | |
| 802.11ac HT40 | LT | 4.57 | / | 5.17 | | |
| | НТ | 4.26 | / | 5.22 | | |
| | Limit | | ≤23dBm | | | |

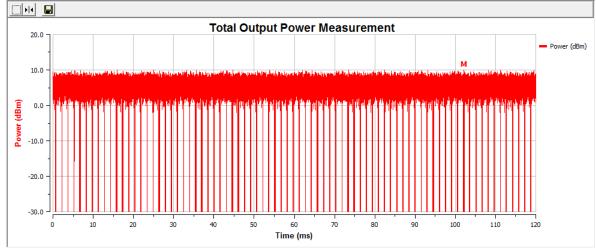
| | | e.i.r.p. (dBm) | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Modulation | Test conditions | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | | |
| | | EIRP | EIRP | EIRP | | |
| | Normal | / | 2.35 | / | | |
| 802.11ac HT80 | LT | / | 1.97 | / | | |
| | HT | / | 1.35 | / | | |
| | Limit | | ≤23dBm | | | |

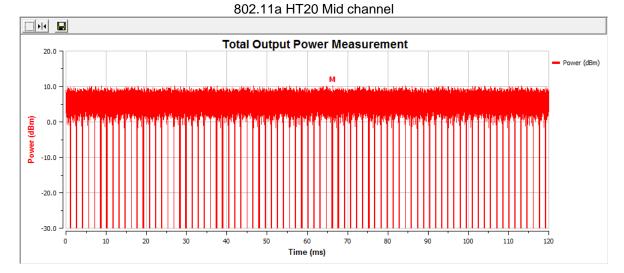
No. : BCTC/RF-EMC-005

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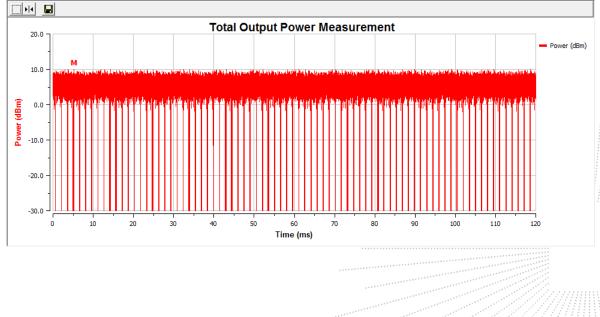


Test Plots (The worst data) 802.11a HT20 Low channel





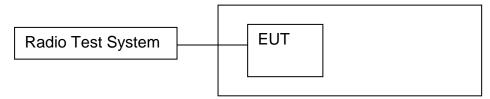






10. Power Density

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limit

| Frequenc range | :y | Mean e.i.r.p. limit for P _H | | Mean e.i.r.p. density limit (dBm/MHz) | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| | 1 | (dBr | n) | (abiii/ | 11112) | |
| (MHz) | | with TPC | without TPC | with TPC | without TPC | |
| 5 150 to 5 3 | 350 | 23 | 20/23 (see note 1) | 10 | 7/10 (see note 2) | |
| 5 470 to 5 7 | 725 | 30 (see note 3) | 27 (see note 3) | 17 (see note 3) | 14 (see note 3) | |
| cc | NOTE 1: The applicable limit is 20 dBm, except for transmissions whose nominal bandwidth falls completely within the band 5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz, in which case the applicable limit is 23 dBm. | | | | | |
| co | IOTE 2: The applicable limit is 7 dBm/MHz, except for transmissions whose nominal bandwidth falls completely within the band 5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz, in which case the applicable limit is 10 dBm/MHz. | | | | | |
| | | evices without a <i>Radar</i> cy range 5 250 MHz to | | n function shall comply | with the limits for the | |

10.3 Test Procedure

This option is for equipment that can be configured to operate in a continuous transmit mode or with a constant duty cycle (x).

Step 1:

- · Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyzer and use the following settings:
- Centre Frequency: The centre frequency of the channel under test
- RBW: 1 MHz
- VBW: 3 MHz
- Frequency Span: 2 × Nominal Bandwidth (e.g. 40 MHz for a 20 MHz channel)
- Detector Mode: Peak
- Trace Mode: Max Hold

Step 2:

• When the trace is complete, find the peak value of the power envelope and record the frequency.





Step 3:

- Make the following changes to the settings of the spectrum analyzer:
- Centre Frequency: Equal to the frequency recorded in step 2
- Frequency Span: 3 MHz
- RBW: 1 MHz
- VBW: 3 MHz
- Sweep Time: 1 minute
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Trace Mode: Max Hold

Step 4:

• When the trace is complete, the trace shall be captured using the "Hold" or "View" option on the spectrum analyzer.

• Find the peak value of the trace and place the analyzer marker on this peak. This level is recorded as the highest mean power (Power Density) D in a 1 MHz band.

• Alternatively, where a spectrum analyzer is equipped with a function to measure spectral Power Density, this function may be used to display the Power Density D in dBm / MHz.

• In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems operating in a mode with multiple transmit chains active simultaneously, the Power Density of each transmit chain shall be measured separately to calculate the total Power Density (value D in dBm / MHz) for the UUT.

Step 5:

• The maximum spectral Power Density e.i.r.p. is calculated from the above measured Power Density D, the observed duty cycle x (see clause 5.4.4.2.1.1.2, step 1), the applicable antenna assembly gain G in dBi and if applicable the beamforming gain Y in dB, according to the formula below. This value shall be recorded in the test report. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the gain of the antenna assembly with the highest gain shall be used:

 $PD = D + G + Y + 10 \times \log (1 / x) (dBm / MHz) (14)$

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10.4 Test Result

| G= Antenna Gain=2dBi , beamforming gain Y= 0 dB, duty cycle X=100% | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Test | Po | z) | | | |
| Modulation | conditions | Low channel | Middle channel | High channel | | |
| 802.11a | Normal | -3.22 | -2.77 | -1.99 | | |
| 802.11n HT20 | Normal | -4.24 | -4.60 | -3.66 | | |
| 802.11n HT40 | Normal | -7.48 | / | -6.20 | | |
| 802.11ac HT20 | Normal | -4.11 | -4.23 | -3.44 | | |
| 802.11ac HT40 | Normal | -7.65 | / | -6.30 | | |
| 802.11ac HT80 | Normal | / | -11.45 | / | | |
| Limit | Limit | | 10dBm/MHz | • | | |

Remark: PH = A + G + Y + 10 × log (1 / x) (dBm) G= Antenna Gain=2dBi , beamforming gain Y= 0 dB, duty cycle X=100%

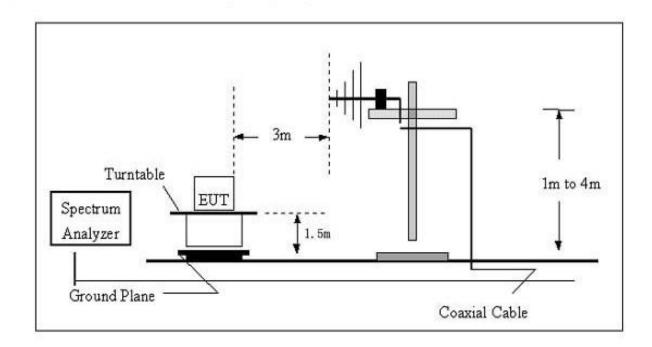
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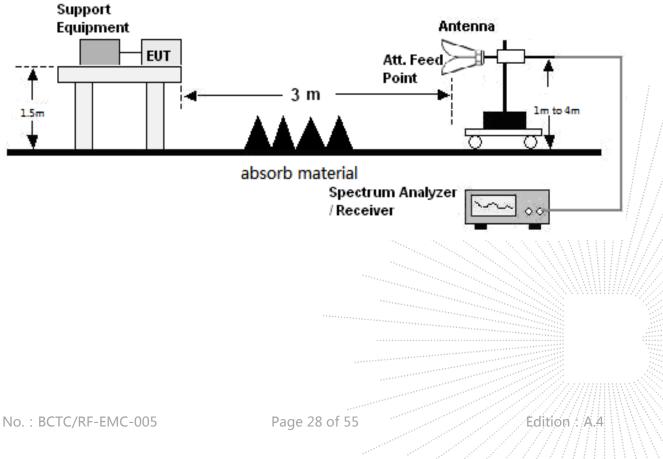
11. Transmitter Unwanted Emissions In The Spurious Domain

11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

(A)Radiated Emission Test Set-Up Frequency Below 1GHz.



(B)Radiated Emission Test Set-Up Frequency Above 1GHz.





11.2 Limits

| Frequency range | Maximum power, e.r.p. (≤ 1 GHz) e.i.r.p. (> 1 GHz) | Bandwidth |
|----------------------|--|----------------|
| 30 MHz to 47 MHz | -36 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 47 MHz to 74 MHz | -54 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 74 MHz to 87,5 MHz | -36 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 87,5 MHz to 118 MHz | -54 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 118 MHz to 174 MHz | -36 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 174 MHz to 230 MHz | -54 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 230 MHz to 470 MHz | -36 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 470 MHz to 862 MHz | -54 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 862 MHz to 1 GHz | -36 dBm | 100 kHz/300KHz |
| 1 GHz to 5.15 GHz | -30 dBm | 1 MHz/3MHz |
| 5.35 GHz to 5.47 GHz | -30 dBm | 1 MHz/3MHz |
| 5.725 GHz to 26 GHz | -30 dBm | 1 MHz/3MHz |

11.3 Test Procedure

30MHz ~ 1GHz:

a. The Product was placed on the nonconductive turntable 1.5m above the ground in a full anechoic chamber.

b. Set the spectrum analyzer/receiver in Peak detector, Max Hold mode, and 120 kHz RBW. Record the maximum field strength of all the pre-scan process in the full band when the antenna is varied between 1~4 m in both horizontal and vertical, and the turntable is rotated from 0 to 360 degrees.

c. For each frequency whose maximum record was higher or close to limit, measure its QP value: vary the antenna's height and rotate the turntable from 0 to 360 degrees to find the height and degree where Product radiated the maximum emission, then set the test frequency analyzer/receiver to QP Detector and specified bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode, and record the maximum value.

Above 1GHz:

a. The Product was placed on the non-conductive turntable 1.5 m above the ground in a full anechoic chamber..

b. Set the spectrum analyzer/receiver in Peak detector, Max Hold mode, and 1MHz RBW. Record the maximum field strength of all the pre-scan process in the full band when the antenna is varied in both horizontal and vertical, and the turntable is rotated from 0 to 360 degrees.

c. For each frequency whose maximum record was higher or close to limit, measure its AV value: rotate the turntable from 0 to 360 degrees to find the degree where Product radiated the maximum emission, then set the test frequency analyzer/receiver to AV value and specified bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode, and record the maximum value.

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11.4 Test Results

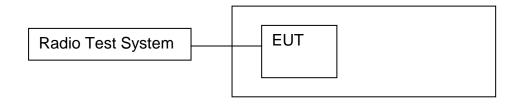
All modes have been tested and reports show data in the worst mode Worst case at $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MIMO}}$

| Froquency | Receiver | Turn table | RX An | tenna | RX Antenna Correct | | Re | esult |
|-----------|----------|---------------|-----------|----------|--------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Frequency | Reading | Angle | Height | Polar | Factor | Level | Limit | Margir |
| (MHz) | (dBm) | Degree | (m) | (H/V) | (dBm) | (dBm) | (dBm) | (dB) |
| | • | | 802.11n20 |) low ch | annel | | • | |
| 550.84 | -52.11 | 54 | 1.3 | Н | -7.66 | -59.76 | -54 | -5.76 |
| 550.84 | -50.39 | 169 | 1.9 | V | -7.66 | -58.05 | -54 | -4.05 |
| 10360.00 | -43.31 | 80 | 1.7 | Н | -0.43 | -43.74 | -30 | -13.74 |
| 10360.00 | -42.11 | 235 | 2.0 | V | -0.43 | -42.54 | -30 | -12.54 |
| 15540.00 | -56.87 | 275 | 1.4 | Н | 8.31 | -48.56 | -30 | -18.56 |
| 15540.00 | -59.95 | 342 | 1.6 | V | 8.31 | -51.64 | -30 | -21.64 |
| | | | 802.11n20 |) Mid ch | annel | | | |
| 550.84 | -53.09 | 331 | 1.4 | н | -7.66 | -60.75 | -54 | -6.75 |
| 550.84 | -49.55 | 151 | 2.0 | V | -7.66 | -57.21 | -54 | -3.21 |
| 10400.00 | -42.51 | 327 | 1.1 | н | -0.38 | -42.89 | -30 | -12.89 |
| 10400.00 | -41.70 | 52 | 1.7 | V | -0.38 | -42.08 | -30 | -12.08 |
| 15600.00 | -57.00 | 292 | 1.3 | Н | 8.83 | -48.17 | -30 | -18.17 |
| 15600.00 | -59.85 | 240 | 1.4 | V | 8.83 | -51.02 | -30 | -21.02 |
| | | | 802.11n20 | high ch | nannel | | | |
| 550.84 | -52.35 | 124 | 1.1 | Н | -7.66 | -60.01 | -54 | -6.01 |
| 550.84 | -50.98 | 190 | 1.7 | V | -7.66 | -58.64 | -54 | -4.64 |
| 10480.00 | -43.74 | 56 | 1.9 | н | -0.32 | -44.06 | -30 | -14.06 |
| 10480.00 | -42.47 | 67 | 1.7 | V | -0.32 | -42.79 | -30 | -12.79 |
| 15720.00 | -57.58 | 35 | 1.7 | н | 9.35 | -48.23 | -30 | -18.23 |
| 15720.00 | -59.98 | 240 | 1.1 | V | 9.35 | -50.63 | -30 | -20.63 |

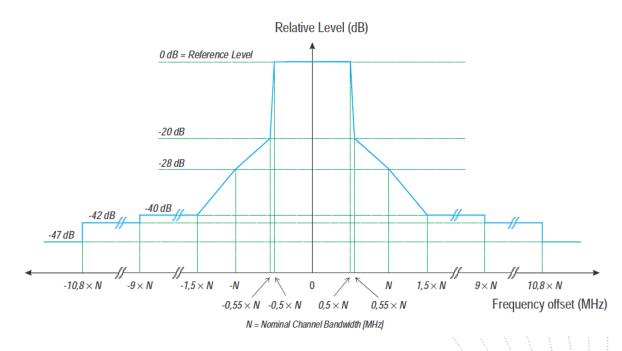


12. Transmitter Unwanted Emissions In The Out-Of-Band Domain

12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



12.2 Limit



12.3 Test Procedure

The UUT shall be configured for continuous transmit mode (duty cycle equal to 100 %). If this is not possible, then option 2 shall be used.

Step 1: Determination of the reference average power level.

- Spectrum analyzer settings:
- Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Video bandwidth: 30 kHz
- Detector mode: Peak
- Trace mode: Video Average
- Sweep Time: Coupled
- Centre Frequency: Centre frequency of the channel being tested



- Span: 2 × Nominal Channel Bandwidth

• Use the marker to find the highest average power level of the power envelope of the UUT. This level shall be used as the reference level for the relative measurements.

Step 2: Determination of the relative average power levels.

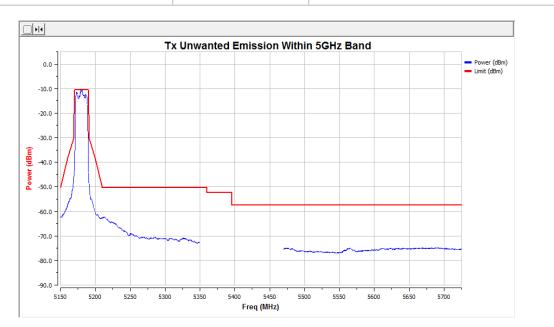
• Adjust the frequency range of the spectrum analyzer to allow the measurement to be performed within the sub-bands 5 150 MHz to 5 350 MHz and 5 470 MHz to 5 725 MHz. No other parameter of the spectrum analyzer should be changed.

• Compare the relative power envelope of the UUT with the limits defined in clause 4.2.4.2.2.

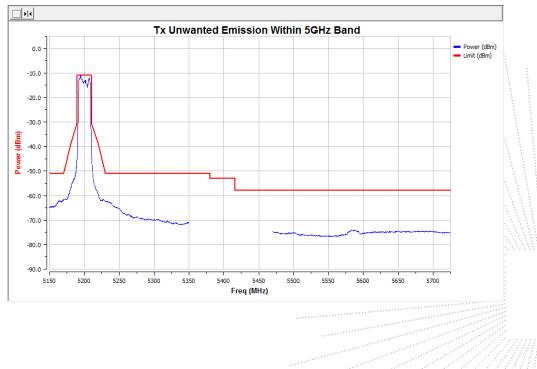


12.4 Test Result

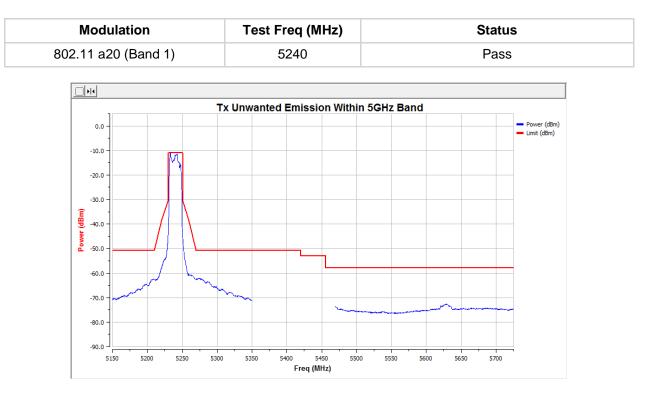
| Test Plots (the worst data) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Modulation | Test Freq (MHz) | Status | | | |
| 802.11 a20 (Band 1) | 5180 | Pass | | | |



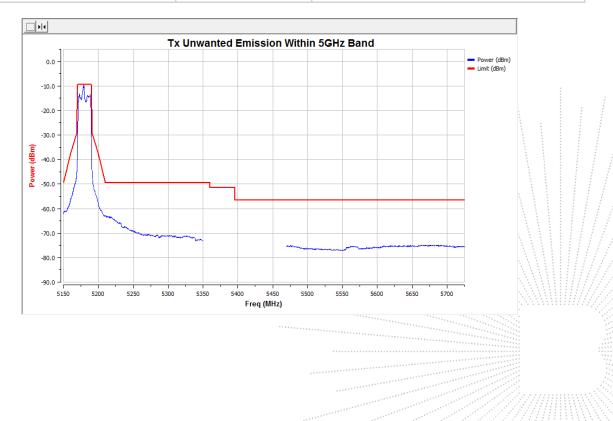
| Modulation | Test Freq (MHz) | Status |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------|
| 802.11 a20 (Band 1) | 5200 | Pass |





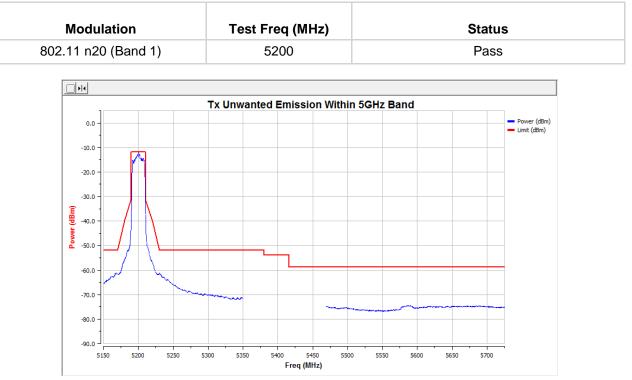


| Modulation | Test Freq (MHz) | Status |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------|
| 802.11 n20 (Band 1) | 5180 | Pass |

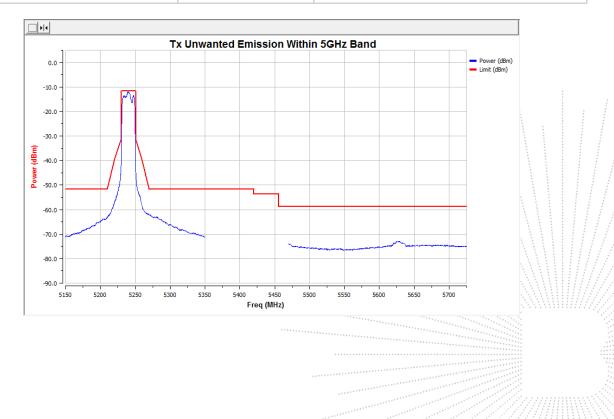


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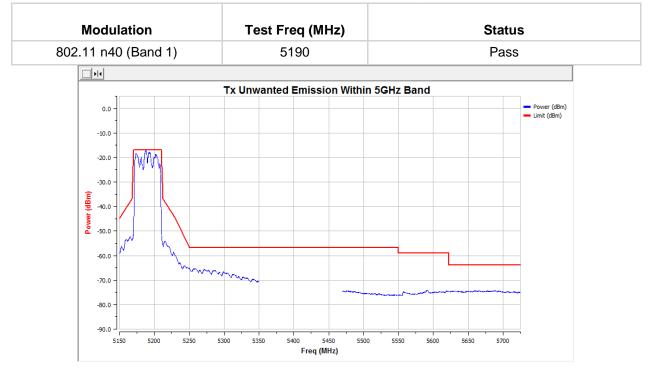
| Modulation | Test Freq (MHz) | Status |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------|
| 802.11 n20 (Band 1) | 5240 | Pass |

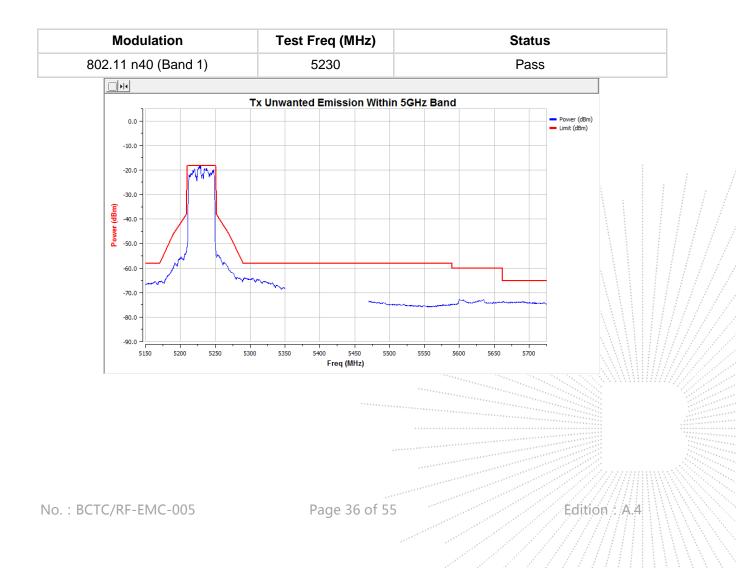


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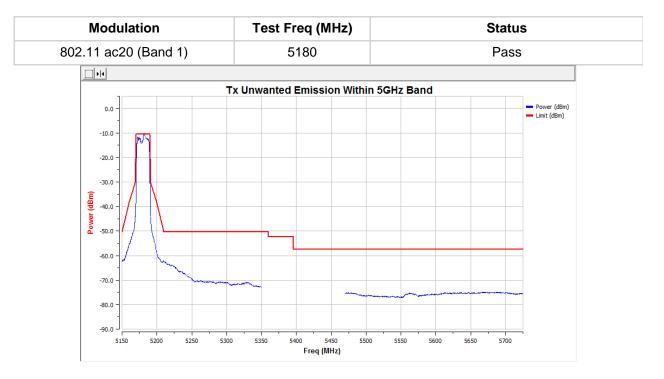
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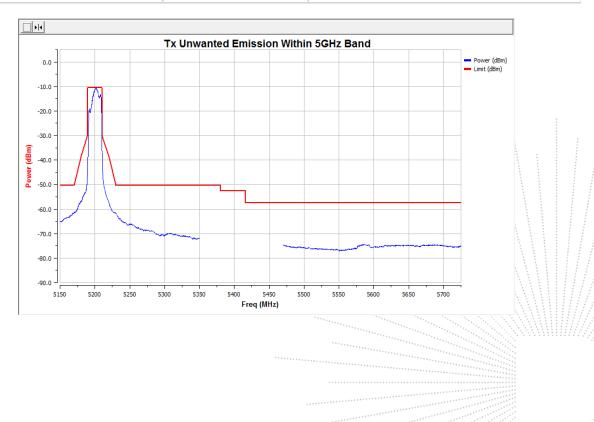






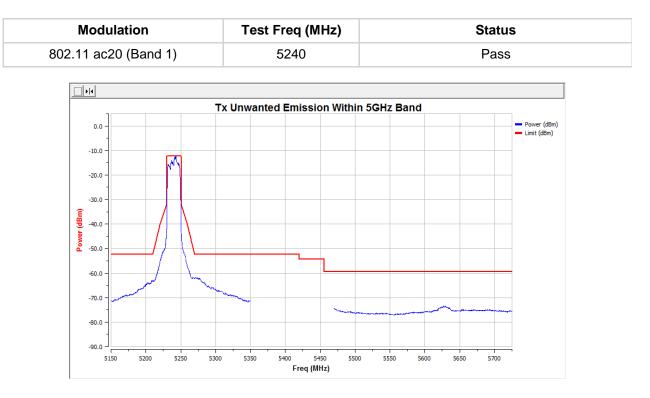


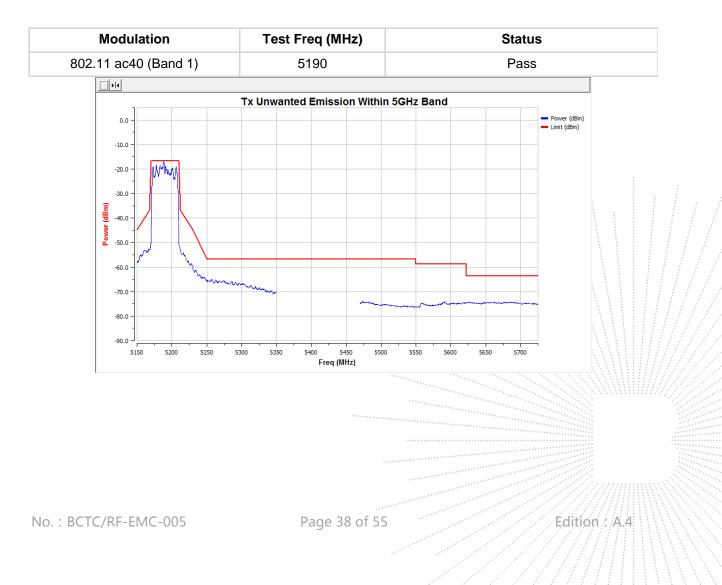
| Modulation | Test Freq (MHz) | Status |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------|
| 802.11 ac20 (Band 1) | 5200 | Pass |



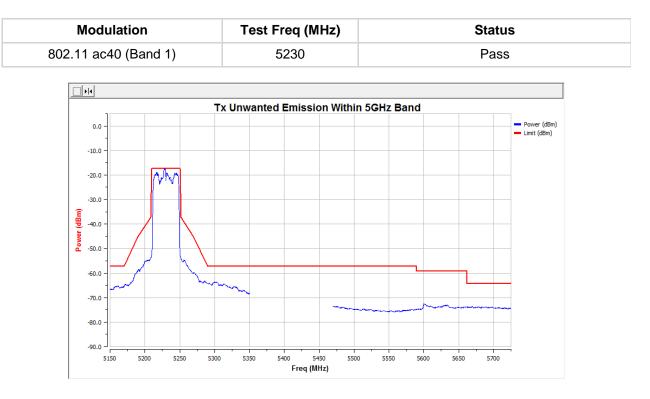
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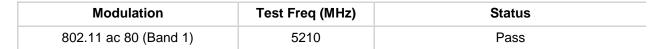


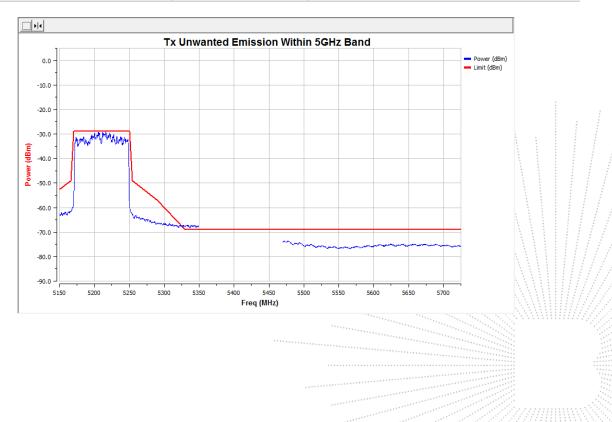












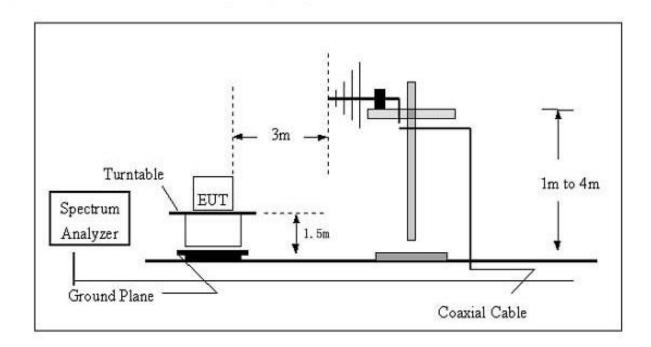
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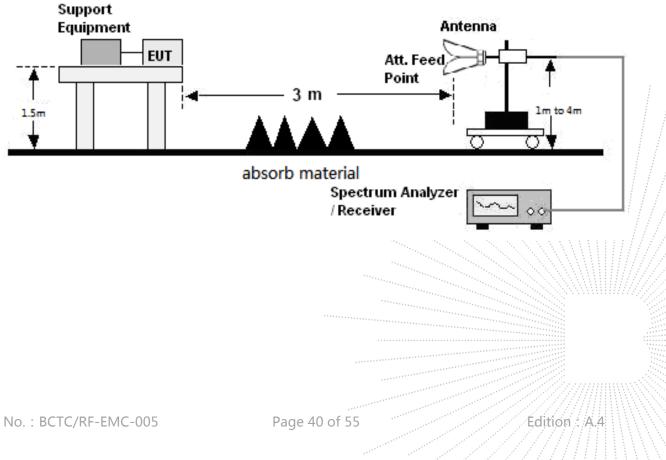
13. Receiver Spurious Emissions

13.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

(A)Radiated Emission Test Set-Up Frequency Below 1GHz.



(B)Radiated Emission Test Set-Up Frequency Above 1GHz.





13.2 Limits

| Frequency(MHz) | Limit |
|----------------|--------|
| 30-1000 | -57dBm |
| 1000-12750 | -47dBm |

13.3 Test Procedure

30MHz ~ 1GHz:

a. The Product was placed on the nonconductive turntable 1.5m above the ground in a full anechoic chamber.

b. Set the spectrum analyzer/receiver in Peak detector, Max Hold mode, and 120 kHz RBW. Record the maximum field strength of all the pre-scan process in the full band when the antenna is varied between 1~4 m in both horizontal and vertical, and the turntable is rotated from 0 to 360 degrees.

c. For each frequency whose maximum record was higher or close to limit, measure its QP value: vary the antenna's height and rotate the turntable from 0 to 360 degrees to find the height and degree where Product radiated the maximum emission, then set the test frequency analyzer/receiver to QP Detector and specified bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode, and record the maximum value.

Above 1GHz:

a. The Product was placed on the non-conductive turntable 1.5 m above the ground in a full anechoic chamber..

b. Set the spectrum analyzer/receiver in Peak detector, Max Hold mode, and 1MHz RBW. Record the maximum field strength of all the pre-scan process in the full band when the antenna is varied in both horizontal and vertical, and the turntable is rotated from 0 to 360 degrees.

c. For each frequency whose maximum record was higher or close to limit, measure its AV value: rotate the turntable from 0 to 360 degrees to find the degree where Product radiated the maximum emission, then set the test frequency analyzer/receiver to AV value and specified bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode, and record the maximum value.

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13.4 Test Results

All modes have been tested and reports show data in the worst mode Worst case at $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MIMO}}$

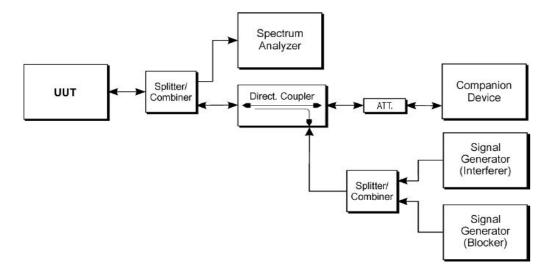
| Frequency Receiver Reading | Turn RX / | | ntenna Correct | | Absolute | Result | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|----------------|----------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| | table Angle | Height | Polar | Factor | Level | Limit | Margin | |
| (MHz) | (dBm) | Degree | (m) | (H/V) | (dBm) | (dBm) | (dBm) | (dB) |
| | 802.11n20 low channel | | | | | | | |
| 364.78 | -54.16 | 358 | 1.3 | н | -11.88 | -66.04 | -57.00 | -9.04 |
| 364.78 | -55.61 | 58 | 2.0 | V | -11.88 | -67.49 | -57.00 | -10.49 |
| 2491.23 | -51.78 | 328 | 1.4 | н | -6.80 | -58.58 | -47.00 | -11.58 |
| 2491.23 | -53.33 | 280 | 1.2 | V | -6.80 | -60.13 | -47.00 | -13.13 |
| | | | 802.11n20 |) Mid ch | annel | | | |
| 364.78 | -53.23 | 340 | 1.2 | н | -11.88 | -65.11 | -57.00 | -8.11 |
| 364.78 | -55.87 | 22 | 1.8 | V | -11.88 | -67.75 | -57.00 | -10.75 |
| 2491.23 | -52.45 | 175 | 1.7 | Н | -6.80 | -59.25 | -47.00 | -12.25 |
| 2491.23 | -52.40 | 224 | 1.2 | V | -6.80 | -59.21 | -47.00 | -12.21 |
| 802.11n20 high channel | | | | | | | | |
| 364.78 | -53.93 | 29 | 1.3 | н | -11.88 | -65.81 | -57.00 | -8.81 |
| 364.78 | -56.42 | 276 | 1.2 | V | -11.88 | -68.30 | -57.00 | -11.30 |
| 2491.23 | -51.73 | 143 | 1.8 | Н | -6.80 | -58.53 | -47.00 | -11.53 |
| 2491.23 | -53.26 | 195 | 1.7 | V | -6.80 | -60.06 | -47.00 | -13.06 |

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14. Adaptivity

14.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



14.2 Limit

| | Operational Mode | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Requirement | Frame Based Equipment | Load Based Equipment (CCA using 'energy detect') | Load Based Equipment (CCA not using any of the mechanisms referenced) | | |
| Minimum Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) Time | 20 us (see note 1) (see note 2) | | 20 us (see note 1) | | |
| Maximum Channel Occupancy (COT) Time | 1ms to 10 ms (see note 2) | | (13/32)*q ms (see note 3) | | |
| Minimum Idle Period | 5% of COT | (see note 2) | NA | | |
| Extended CCA check | NA | (see note 2) | N*CCA (see note 4) | | |
| Short Control Signalling Transmissions | Maximum duty cycle of 5% within an observation period of 50 ms (see note 5) | | | | |
| Note 1: The CCA time used by the equipment shall be declared by the manufacturer. Note 2: LBT based spectrum sharing mechanism based on the Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) mode | | | | | |
| o o ; | as described in IEEE 802.1 | 1 TM -2007[9], clauses 1 | 5 and 17, in IEEE | | |
| 802.11n TM -2009[10], clauses 20. Note 3: q is selected by the manufacturer in the range [432] Note 4: The value of N shall be randomly selected in the range [1q] | | | | | |
| Note 5: Adaptive equipment may or may not have Short Control Signaling Transmissions. | | | | | |
| 14.3 Test Procedure | •••• | | | | |
| Step 1: | | | | | |
| . The LILIT shell composite | | a a dhear thing to The a science of a | | | |

• The UUT shall connect to a companion device during the test. The signal generator, the spectrum analyzer, the UUT, the traffic source and the companion device are connected using a set-up



equivalent to the example given by figure 14 although the interference source is switched off at this point in time. The spectrum analyzer is

used to monitor the transmissions of the UUT in response to the interference signal. The traffic source might be part of the UUT itself.

• The received signal level (wanted signal from the companion device) at the UUT shall be sufficient to maintain a reliable link for the duration of the test. A typical value for the received signal level which can be used in most cases is -50 dBm/MHz.

- The analyzer shall be set as follows:
- RBW: ≥ Occupied Channel Bandwidth (if the analyzer does not support this setting,
- the highest available setting shall be used)
- VBW: ≥ RBW (if the analyzer does not support this setting, the highest available
- setting shall be used)
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Centre Frequency: Equal to the centre frequency of the operating channel
- Span: 0 Hz
- Sweep time: > 2 × Channel Occupancy Time
- Trace Mode: Clear/Write
- Trigger Mode: Video or RF/IF Power

Step 2:

 Configure the traffic source so that it fills the UUT's buffers to a level causing the UUT to always have transmissions queued (buffer-ready-for-transmission condition) towards the companion device. Where this is not possible, the UUT shall be configured to occupy the Channel Occupancy Time of the Fixed Frame Period

to the highest extent possible.

• To avoid adverse effects on the measurement results, a unidirectional traffic source should be used. An example of such a unidirectional traffic source not triggering reverse traffic on higher layer protocols is UDP.

14.4 Test Result

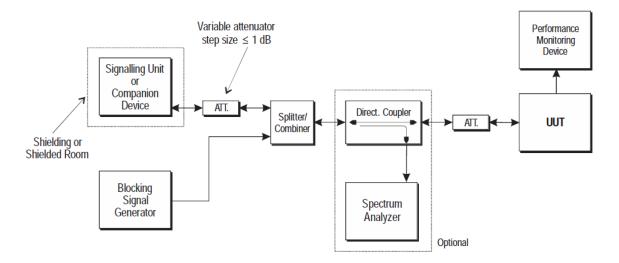
Pass

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15. .Receiver Blocking

15.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



15.2 Limit

| anted signalBlocking signalBlocking signal power (dBm)nean powerfrequency(see note 2) | | • • • | Type of blocking | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| (MHz) | Master or Slave with radar detection (see table D.2, note 2) | Slave without radar detection (see table D.2, note 2) | signal | | | |
| 5 100 | -53 | -59 | Continuous Wave | | | |
| 4 900 5 000 5 975 | -47 | -53 | Continuous Wave | | | |
| NOTE 1: P _{min} is the minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum | | | | | | |
| performance criteria as defined clause 4.2.8.3 in the absence of any blocking signal. NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the same levels should be used at the antenna connector irrespective of antenna gain. | | | | | | |
| | frequency (MHz) 5 100 4 900 5 000 5 975 minimum level of the specified are level nents, the same level | frequency (MHz) (see n Master or Slave with radar detection (see table D.2, note 2) 5 100 -53 4 900 -53 5 975 -47 s specified are levels in front of the UUT nents, the same levels should be used a | frequency (MHz)(see note 2)Master or Slave with radar detection (see table D.2, note 2)Slave without radar detection (see table D.2, note 2)5 100-53-594 900 5 000 5 975-47-53975-47-53e minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet as specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of coments, the same levels should be used at the antenna connect | | | |

15.3 Test Procedure

Step 1:

• The UUT shall be set to the first operating frequency to be tested (see clause 5.3.2).

Step 2:

• The blocking signal generator is set to the first frequency as defined in table 9.



Step 3:

- With the blocking signal generator switched off a communication link is set up between the UUT and the associated companion device using the test setup shown in figure 18. The attenuation of the variable attenuator shall be increased in 1 dB steps to a value at which the minimum performance criteria as specified in clause 4.2.8.3 is still met. The resulting level for the wanted signal at the input of the UUT is Pmin.
 - This signal level (Pmin) is increased by 6 dB resulting in a new level (Pmin + 6 dB) of the wanted signal at the UUT receiver input.

Step 4:

- The level of the blocking signal at the UUT input is set to the level provided in table 9. It shall be verified and recorded in the test report that the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.2.8.3 are met.
- If the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.2.8.3 are met, the level of the blocking signal at the UUT may be further increased (e.g. in steps of 1 dB) until the level whereby the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.2.8.3 are no longer met. The highest level at which the performance criteria are met is recorded in the

test report.

Step 5:

• Repeat step 4 for each remaining combination of frequency and level as specified in table 9.

Step 6:

• Repeat step 2 to step 5 with the UUT operating at the other operating frequencies at which the blocking test has to be performed. See clause 5.3.2.

| The worst mode(802.11HT20) | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| Transmitting | P _{min} (dBm) | Blocking Frequency(MHz) | Blocking Power(dB) | Measured PER(%) | Limit (%) | |
| 5180 | -74 | 5100 | -53 | 3.74 | 10 | |
| 5180 | -74 | 4900 | -47 | 4.61 | 10 | |
| 5180 | -74 | 5000 | -47 | 1.32 | 10 | |
| 5180 | -74 | 5975 | -47 | 2.45 | 10 | |
| 5240 | -73 | 5100 | -53 | 5.21 | 10 | |
| 5240 | -73 | 4900 | -47 | 4.72 | 10 | |
| 5240 | -73 | 5000 | -47 | 3.45 | 10 | |
| 5240 | -73 | 5975 | -47 | 1.94 | 10 | |

15.4 Test Result



16. User Access Restrictions

16.1 Applicable Standard

ETSI EN 301 893 clause 4.2.9

16.2 Conformance Limit

The equipment shall be so constructed that settings (hardware and/or software) related to DFS shall not be accessible to the user if changing those settings result in the equipment no longer being compliant with the DFS requirements in clause 4.2.6.

16.3 Test Results

The EUT can restraints user to restrict access to hardware and software setting of the equipment through making it be disabled and altered.

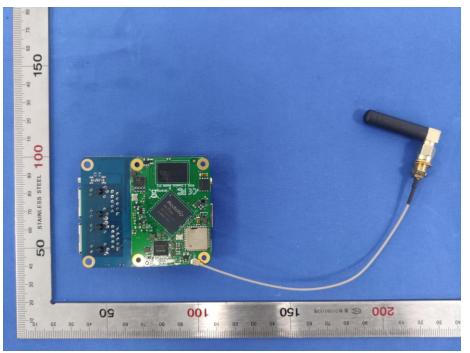
PASS

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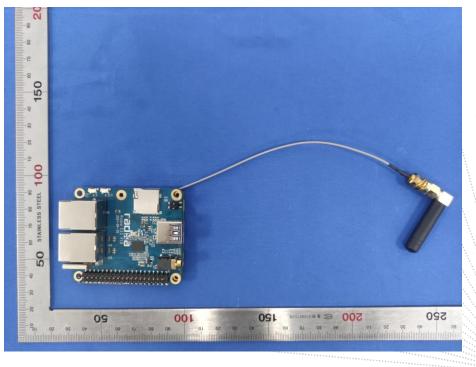


17. EUT Photographs

EUT Photo 1



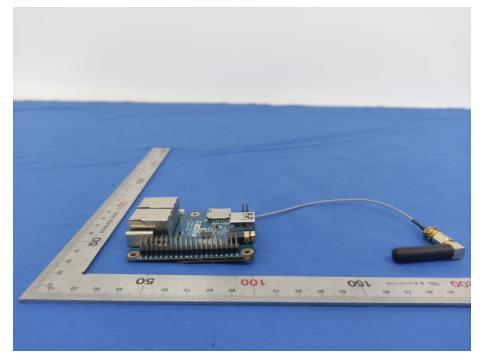
EUT Photo 2



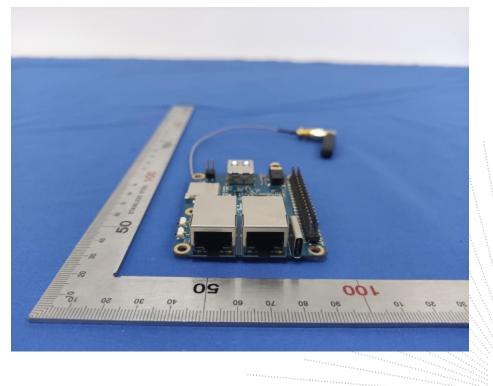
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EUT Photo 3



EUT Photo 4

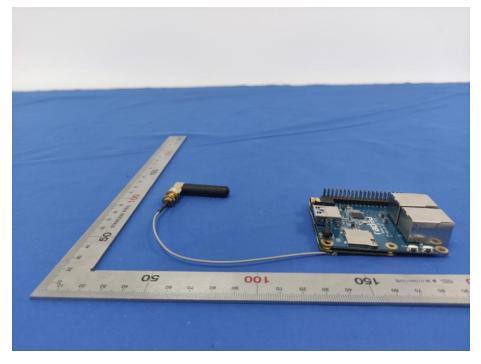


No. : BCTC/RF-EMC-005

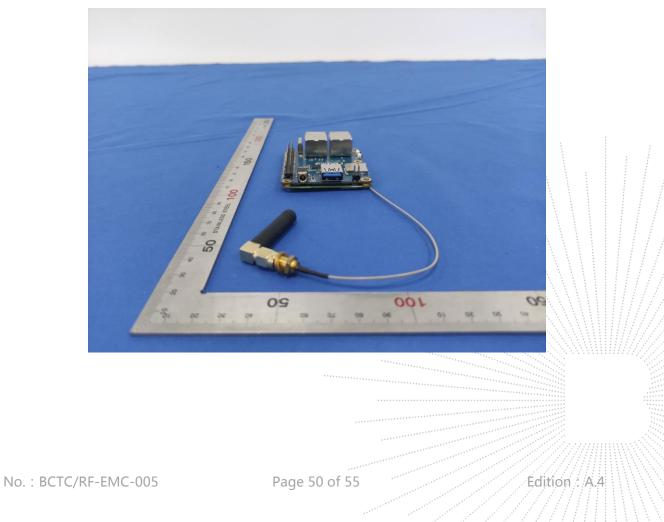
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EUT Photo 5

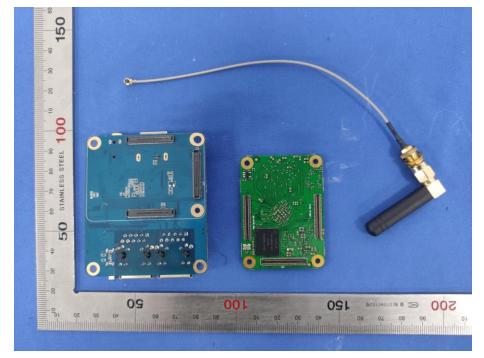


EUT Photo 6

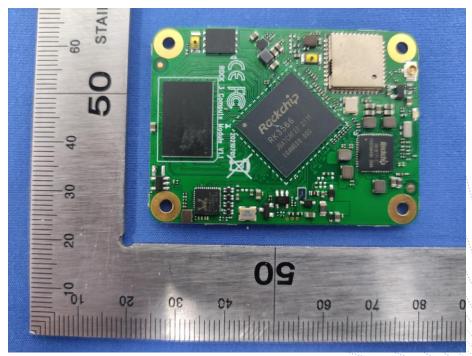




EUT Photo 7



EUT Photo 8

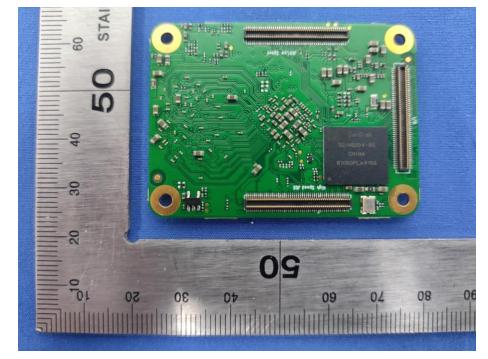


No. : BCTC/RF-EMC-005

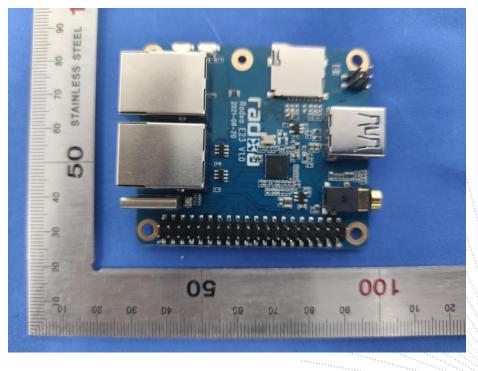
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EUT Photo 9



EUT Photo 10

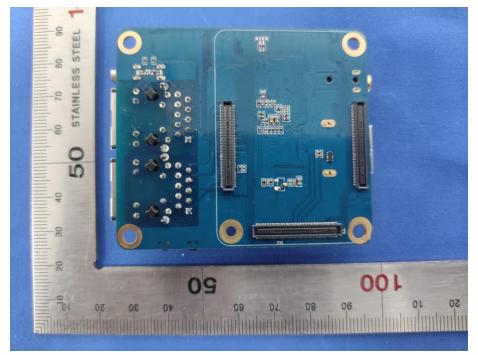


No. : BCTC/RF-EMC-005

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EUT Photo 11





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18. EUT Test Setup Photographs

Spurious emissions



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Edition : A.4

STATEMENT

1. The equipment lists are traceable to the national reference standards.

2. The test report can not be partially copied unless prior written approval is issued from our lab.

3. The test report is invalid without stamp of laboratory.

4. The test report is invalid without signature of person(s) testing and authorizing.

5. The test process and test result is only related to the Unit Under Test.

6.The quality system of our laboratory is in accordance with ISO/IEC17025.

7.If there is any objection to report, the client should inform issuing laboratory within 15 days from the date of receiving test report.

Address:

1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Tangwei, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

TEL: 400-788-9558

P.C.: 518103

FAX: 0755-33229357

Website : http://www.chnbctc.com

E-Mail : bctc@bctc-lab.com.cn

***** END *****

No. : BCTC/RF-EMC-005

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